

Red Hat Linux System Administration II

Review

Length: 1 Day

Summary: This 1-day instructor-led course is designed to prepare students for the Red Hat Linux System Administration II exam (EX200). This is an overview of the below study points.

COURSE CONTENT

1: UNDERSTAND AND USE ESSENTIAL TOOLS

- Access a shell prompt and issue commands with correct syntax
- Use input-output redirection (>,>>,|, 2>, etc.)
- Use grep and regular expressions to analyze text
- Access remote systems using ssh
- Log in and switch users in multiuser targets
- Archive, compress, unpack, and uncompress files using tar, star, gzip, and bzip2
- Create and edit text files
- Create, delete, copy, and move files and directories
- Create hard and soft links
- List, set, and change standard ugo/rwx permissions
- Locate, read, and use system documentation including man, info, and files in /usr/share/doc

2: OPERATE RUNNING SYSTEMS

- Boot, reboot, and shut down a system normally
- Boot systems into different targets manually
- Interrupt the boot process in order to gain access to a system
- Identify CPU/memory intensive processes, adjust process priority with renice, and kill processes
- Locate and interpret system log files and journals
- Access a virtual machine's console
- Start and stop virtual machines
- Start, stop, and check the status of network services
- Securely transfer files between systems

3: CONFIGURE LOCAL STORAGE

- Lis, create, delete partitions on MBR and GPT disks
- Create and remove physical volumes, assign physical volumes to volume groups, and create and delete logical volumes
- Configure systems to mount file systems at boot by Universally Unique ID (UUID) or label
- Add new partitions and logical volumes, and swap to a system non-destructively

4: CREATE AND CONFIGURE FILE SYSTEMS

- Create, mount, unmounts, and use vfat, ext4, and xfs file systems
- Mount and unmounts CIFS and NFS network file systems
- Extend existing logical volumes
- Create and configure set-GID directories for collaboration
- Create and amange Access Control Lists (ACLs)
- Diagnose and correct file permission problems

5: DEPLOY, CONFIGURE, AND MAINTAIN SYSTEMS

- Configure networking and hostname resolution statically or dynamically
- Schedule tasks using at and cron
- Start and stop services and configure services to start automatically at boot
- Configure systems to boot into a specific target automatically
- Install Red Hat Enterprise Linux systems as virtual guests
- Configure systems to launch virtual machines at boot
- Configure network services to start automatically at boot

- Configure a system to use time services
- Install and update software packages from Red Hat Network, a remote repository, or from the local file system
- Update the kernel package appropriately to ensure a bootable system
- Modify the system bootloader

6: MANAGE USERS AND GROUPS

- Create, delete, and modify local user accounts
- Change passwords and adjust password aging for local user accounts
- Create, delete, and modify local groups and group memberships
- Configure a system to use an existing authentication service for user and group information

7: MANAGE SECURITY

- Configure firewall settings using firewall-config, firewall-cmd, or iptables
 - Configure key-based authentication for SSH
 - Set enforcing and permissive modes for SELinux
 - List and identify SELinux file and process context
 - Restore default file contexts
 - Use Boolean settings to modify system SELinux settings
 - Diagnose and address routine SELinux policy violations
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